SQL Schema

In social network like Facebook or Twitter, people send friend requests and accept others' requests as well.

Table request\_accepted

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| requester\_id | accepter\_id | accept\_date|

|--------------|-------------|------------|

| 1 | 2 | 2016\_06-03 |

| 1 | 3 | 2016-06-08 |

| 2 | 3 | 2016-06-08 |

| 3 | 4 | 2016-06-09 |

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This table holds the data of friend acceptance, while **requester\_id** and **accepter\_id** both are the id of a person.

Write a query to find the the people who has most friends and the most friends number under the following rules:

* It is guaranteed there is only 1 people having the most friends.
* The friend request could only been accepted once, which mean there is no multiple records with the same **requester\_id** and **accepter\_id** value.

For the sample data above, the result is:

Result table:

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| id | num |

|------|------|

| 3 | 3 |

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The person with id '3' is a friend of people '1', '2' and '4', so he has 3 friends in total, which is the most number than any others.

**Follow-up:**  
In the real world, multiple people could have the same most number of friends, can you find all these people in this case?